(June 18, 1993), and moved to September 1, 1993, by an order published at 58 FR 41042 (August 2, 1993), is temporarily stayed for those cable systems that have 1,000 or fewer subscribers. This limited, temporary stay is effective September 1, 1993, and will remain in effect until the Commission terminates the stay and establishes a new effective date in an order on reconsideration addressing the administrative burdens and costs of compliance for small cable systems. The Commission will publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER the new effective date of the rules with respect to small cable systems at that time.

§ 76.900 Temporary freeze of cable rates.

- (a) The average monthly subscriber bill for services provided by cable operators subject to regulation under Section 623 of the Communications Act shall not increase above the average monthly subscriber bill determined under rates in effect on April 5, 1993, for a period of 120 days.
- (b) The average monthly subscriber bill shall be calculated by determining for a monthly billing cycle the sum of all billed monthly charges for all cable services subject to regulation under section 623 of the Communications Act and dividing that sum by the number of subscribers receiving any of those services. The average monthly subscriber bill determined under rates in effect on April 5, 1993, shall be calculated based on customer charges for the most recent monthly billing cycle ending prior to April 5, 1993.

§ 76.901 Definitions.

- (a) Basic service. The basic service tier shall, at a minimum, include all signals of domestic television broadcast stations provided to any subscriber (except a signal secondarily transmitted by satellite carrier beyond the local service area of such station, regardless of how such signal is ultimately received by the cable system) any public, educational, and governmental programming required by the franchise to be carried on the basic tier, and any additional video programming signals a service added to the basic tier by the cable operator.
- (b) Cable programming service. Cable programming service includes any video programming provided over a cable system, regardless of service tier, including installation or rental of

equipment used for the receipt of such video programming, other than:

- (1) Video programming carried on the basic service tier as defined in this section:
- (2) Video programming offered on a pay-per-channel or pay-per-program basis; or
- (3) A combination of multiple channels of pay-per-channel or pay-per-program video programming offered on a multiplexed or time-shifted basis so long as the combined service:
- (i) Consists of commonly-identified video programming; and
- (ii) Is not bundled with any regulated tier of service.
- (c) Small System. A small system is a cable television system that serves 15,000 or fewer subscribers. The service area of a small system shall be determined by the number of subscribers that are served by the system's principal headend, including any other headends or microwave receive sites that are technically integrated to the principal headend.
- (d) New Product Tier. A new product tier ("NPT") is a cable programming service tier meeting the conditions set forth in §76.987.
- (e) *Small cable company*. A small cable company is a cable television operator that serves a total of 400,000 or fewer subscribers over one or more cable systems.

[58 FR 29753, May 21, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 62623, Dec. 6, 1994; 60 FR 35864, July 12, 1995]

§ 76.905 Standards for identification of cable systems subject to effective competition.

- (a) Only the rates of cable systems that are not subject to effective competition may be regulated.
- (b) A cable system is subject to effective competition when any one of the following conditions is met:
- (1) Fewer than 30 percent of the households in its franchise area subscribe to the cable service of a cable system.
 - (2) The franchise area is: